RealLine Pathogen Diagnostic Kits



RealLine Candida albicans Fla-Format

Instructions for Use

RealLine Candida albicans Fla-Format

ASSAY KIT FOR THE QUALITATIVE DETECTION OF *CANDIDA ALBICANS* DNA BY REAL-TIME PCR METHOD

In vitro Diagnostics

CE

RealLine Candida albicans (Fla Format)	VBD4696	100 Tests
valid from	September 2019	

Explanation of symbols used in labeling

IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device
LOT	Batch code
REF	Catalogue number
∑ ∑	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>
2	Use-by-date
X	Temperature limit
i	Consult instructions for use
类	Keep away from sunlight
	Manufacturer



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Trademarks:

Rotor-Gene® is a registered trademark of Qiagen Group, Germany.

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1. INTENDED USE

Clinical Information:

Candida albicans caused Candidiasis an infection which encompasses a range from superficial, such as oral thrush and vaginitis, to systemic and potentially life-threatening diseases. *Candida albicans* infections of the latter category are also referred to as candidemia and are usually confined to severely immunocompromised persons, such as cancer, transplant, and AIDS patients, as well as non-trauma emergency surgery patients.

RealLine Candida albicans (Fla-format) assay kit is designed to detect *Candida albicans* DNA isolated from clinical specimens using the following extraction kits:

RealLine DNA-Express (REF VBC8899) RealLine DNA-Extraction 2 (REF VBC8897) RealLine DNA-Extraction 3 (REF VBC8889) RealLine Extraction 100 (REF VBC8896)

The **RealLine Candida albicans (Fla-format)** kit is designed for the analysis of clinical materials: saliva, urine, and scrapings of epithelial cells.

The assay is based on real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) method with fluorescent detection of amplified products.

The **Fla-format** Kit contains 10 vials with the lyophilized Mastermix, each vial with 10 reactions, for volume of 50 μ l per reaction. The kit contains reagents required for 100 tests, including the positive control samples.

The kit is designed for use with block cyclers iQ[™] iCycler, iQ5[™] iCycler, CFX96[™] (Bio-Rad, USA), DT96 (DNA-Technology, Russia), RealLine Cyclers (BIORON Diagnostics GmbH), and rotor type cyclers Rotor-Gene® 3000, 6000 or Q (Qiagen, Germany).

For the Eco48TM Realtime PCR System (PCRmax, UK) RealLine Fla-format kits can be recommended. The practice with this cycler to use 10 μ l of the diluted Mastermix and 10 μ l of extracted DNA, was validated. The protocol for using and cycling can be provided.

The use of:

- **!** Extraction Kits for nucleic acids from clinical specimen from other supplier
- ! Other real-time PCR devices
- ! Appropriate reaction volumes, other than 50 μl

has to be validated in the lab by the user. The special notes regarding the internal control IC have to be strongly followed.

2. KIT CONTENTS

Universal Positive Control Sample (PC)	1 tube, 1 ml;
Master Mix (MM), lyophilized	10 tubes (10 tests each);
Recovery Solution (RS)	2 vials, 2 ml each;

3. PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

Real time PCR is based on the detection of the fluorescence, produced by a reporter molecule, which increases as the reaction proceeds. Reporter molecule is dual-labeled DNA-probe, which specifically binds to the target region of pathogen DNA. Fluorescent signal increases due to the fluorescent dye and quencher separating by Taq DNA-polymerase exonuclease activity during amplification. PCR process consists of repeated cycles: temperature denaturation of DNA, primer annealing and complementary chain synthesis.

Threshold cycle value - Ct - is the cycle number at which the fluorescence generated within a reaction crosses the fluorescence threshold, a fluorescent signal rises significantly above the background fluorescence. Ct depends on initial quantity of pathogen DNA template.

The use of **Internal Control (IC)** prevents generation of false negative results associated with possible loss of DNA template during specimen preparation. IC indicates if PCR inhibitors occur in the reaction mixture. IC template should be added in each single sample (including control samples) prior to DNA extraction procedure. The amplification and detection of IC does not influence the sensitivity or specificity of the target DNA PCR.

Note: IC is a component of the NA extraction kits of RealLine series. Internal Control is added to the sample during NA isolation step and is used throughout the whole process of NA extraction, amplification, detection.

4. SPECIFICATIONS

- **4.1 Specificity** of *Candida albicans* DNA detection is determined using the Standard Reference Panel of negative DNA-extracts, as a percentage of the samples determined by the kit as negative. Specificity equals 100%.
- **4.2 Sensitivity** is determined on five samples containing 100 copies of *Candida albicans* DNA per a sample, prepared from the Standard Reference Sample, as a percentage of the samples determined by the kit as positive. Sensitivity equals 100%.
- **4.3 Diagnostic sensitivity** of the *Candida albicans* DNA detection: clinical tests performed on 94 positive samples showed 100% sensitivity (interval 97% -100% with a confidence level of 90%);
- **4.4 Diagnostic specificity** of the *Candida albicans* DNA detection: clinical trials performed on 94 negative samples showed 100% specificity (interval 97% -100%, with a confidence level of 90%).

Analysis by the CE-marked reference kit showed full match of results.

5. PRODUCT USE LIMITATIONS

- This assay must not be used on the clinical specimen directly. Appropriate nucleic acids extraction methods have to be conducted prior to using this assay.
- The presence of PCR inhibitors (e.g. heparin) may cause false negative or invalid results.
- When monitoring a patient the same extraction method must be used in all determinations. Otherwise, results may not be comparable.
- The kit is designed for use in patients with a clinical history and/or symptoms consistent with *Borrelia burgdorferi s.l.* infections. The kit may be used for screening purposes.
- Diagnostic sensitivity of the kit may vary depending on the pathogen prevalence and characteristics of the enrolled cohort.
- Reliable results depend on adequate specimen sampling.
- Positive results indicate active or asymptomatic infection; clinical history and symptoms should be taken into account.
- Negative results indicate lack of detectable DNA but do not exclude the infection or disease.
- Potential mutations within the target regions of the *Borrelia burgdorferi s.l.* genome covered by the primers and/or probes used in the kit may result in failure to detect the presence of the pathogens.
- The kit is not intended to replace culture and other methods (e.g., cervical exam) for diagnosis of infections.

6. WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

- For in vitro use only.
- The kits must be used by skilled personnel only.
- When handling the kit, follow the national safety requirements for working with pathogens.
- To prevent contamination, the stages of DNA isolation and PCR test run must be spatially separated.
- Avoid microbial and nuclease contamination of reagents when removing aliquots from reagent vials.
- Wear protective disposable gloves, laboratory coats and eye protection when handling specimens and kit reagents.
- Every workplace must be provided with its own set of variable-volume pipettes, necessary auxiliary materials and equipment. It is prohibited to relocate them to other workplaces.
- The use of sterile disposable pipettes and pipette tips is recommended.
- Never use the same tips for different samples.
- Do not pool reagents from different lots or from different vials of the same lot.
- Dispose unused reagents and waste in accordance with country, federal, state and local regulations.
- Do not use the kit after the expiration date at the side label of the kits.

7. ADDITIONAL MATERIALS AND DEVICES REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

- real time PCR system, like described in chapter1
- DNA-Extraction Kit: RealLine DNA-Express, RealLine DNA-Extraction 2, RealLine DNA-Extraction 3, or RealLine Extraction 100
- RealLine Internal Control reagent (VBC8881) and Negative Control Sample or H₂O (molecular biology grade) if the kit is used with the extraction kits of other supplier;
- Plates or Tubes suitable for the used device with caps or a sealing foil for PCR
- laminar safety box;
- refrigerator;
- half-automatic variable-volume single-channel pipettes;
- disposable medical non-sterile powder-free gloves;
- disposable pipette tips with aerosol barrier;
- biohazard waste container.

8. **PREPARATION OF SPECIMENS**

Each group of samples undergoing the procedure of DNA isolation must include a **Positive Control** sample (PC) from this kit and a **Negative Control sample** (NC) which is a component of the DNA extraction kit.

We strongly recommend the implementation of the Internal Control IC, the Negative Control NC and Positive Control PC samples to the extraction procedure.

When using a kit of another supplier for the extraction of nucleic acids as recommended in chapter 1, add **20 \muI of IC (VBC8881)** to each tube:

- For the **NC** use **100** µI of the Negative Control Sample.
- For the **PC** use **70** µI of Negative Control Sample and **30** µI of Positive Control to the tube marked PC.

The assay is performed on extracted DNA samples obtained from the clinical material using one of the DNA extraction kits listed in p.1, according to the Instruction Manual to the kit.

If samples of extracted DNA were stored frozen prior the assay, thaw them and keep at least 30 min at (18 - 25) °C.

Store the extracted DNA at (2 - 8) °C for no more than 24 hours.

After initial opening of the tube, store PC at (2 - 8) °C for no more than 1 month or in 50 µl aliquots at minus (18 - 60) °C for up to 3 months

9. PROCEDURE

9.1. Preparation of the reagents.

Prior to the test, take the kit out of the refrigerator, open the package, take the necessary number of tubes with the Master Mix for PCR (MM), taking into account prepared specimens and control samples. 1 NC and 1 PC for each test is required. Keep the tubes at (18 - 25) °C for at least 30 min. Put the remaining tubes immediately back into the foil pouch, squeeze the air out and tightly close with the clip.

Attention! Each tube is intended for 10 tests.

After initial opening, store MM at (2 - 8) °C for no more than 3 months.

To prepare diluted Master Mix, add **300 µl of Recovery Solution RS** to each tube with MM. Mix gently, keep at (18 - 25) °C during 15 min, and mix thoroughly one more time. Collect the tube contents by brief centrifugation.

Store diluted MM in the dark at (2 - 8) °C for no more than 7 days. After initial opening, store RS at (2 - 8) °C for no more than 3 months.

Prepare an appropriate number of 0.2 ml tubes. Label each tube for each specimen and control sample.

Attention! Labels should be placed on the caps of tubes for rotor-type cyclers. For block-type cyclers labels should be placed on the lateral side of the tubes.

- **9.2.** Add **25 μl** of prepared Master Mix to each 0.2 ml tube using a pipette tip with filter.
- **9.3.** Add **25 μl** of corresponding isolated DNA solution to each tube using a separate pipette tip with filter. Do not touch the pellet! Tightly close the tubes or plate.
- **9.4.** Place the tubes into the real-time PCR system.
- **9.5.** Program real time PCR system.

For Rotor-Gene® 3000 (6000, Q), more instructions see Annex:

* * *	 ~			 BOX I	
		60°C*	40 sec	JU Cycles	
Stage 3:		94°C	10 sec	50 cycles	
Stage 2:		95°C	2min		
Stage 1:		50°C	2min		

* Measure the fluorescence at 60°C along the **FAM** and **ROX** channels

For RealLine Cycler, iQ[™] iCycler, iQ[™]5 iCycler, CFX[™]96, DT-96:

Program real time PCR device according the instruction manual as follows:

Stage 1:	50°C	2min		
Stage 2:	95°C	2min		
Stage 3:	94°C	10 sec	EQ avalas	
	60°C*	20 sec	50 cycles	

- * Measure the fluorescence at 60°C in **FAM** and **ROX** channels
- **9.6.** Select the amplification detection channels:
 - Collect data through FAM channel (RealLine Cycler, iQ5 iCycler, CFX96, DT-96, Rotor-Gene 3000) and Green channel (Rotor-Gene 6000, Rotor-Gene Q) for the detection of amplification signal of IC DNA;
 - Collect data through ROX channel (RealLine Cycler iQ5 iCycler, CFX96, DT-96, Rotor-Gene 3000), and Orange channel (Rotor-Gene 6000, Rotor-Gene Q) for the detection of amplification signal of *Candida albicans* DNA;
- **9.7.** Program the position of the tubes with the specimens, PC and NC according to the Instruction Manual for the cycler in use.
- **9.8.** Run the program.

10. DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

- **10.1** The program should detect in the **Positive Control** sample:
 - detect an increase in *Candida albicans* DNA amplification signal (ROX/ Orange channel) and determine the threshold cycle, *Candida albicans* Ct;
 - detect an increase in IC DNA amplification signal (FAM/ Green channel) and determine the threshold cycle, IC Ct;
- **10.2** For the **Negative Control NC** the program should detect the increase of the amplification signal of IC DNA in channel **FAM** (*Green*) and determine the threshold cycle, IC **Ct**. No **ROX** (*Orange*) fluorescent increase should appear (*no Candida albicans DNA amplification*).

When **Ct** value for NC through **ROX** (*Orange*) channel **is less than or equal to 35** this indicates the presence of contamination (see paragraph 9.7.).

- **10.3** For each sample the program should detect the increase of the amplification signal of IC DNA along channel **FAM** (*Green*) and determine IC **Ct**.
- 10.4 Calculate (IC Ct)_{av} as an average IC Ct of all analyzed samples (including PC and NC). IC Ct values that differ by more than 2 cycles from the (IC Ct)_{av} should be ignored. Recalculate the (IC Ct)_{av} for the remaining values after the screening.
- **10.5** The specimen is considered **negative** (not containing *Candida albicans* DNA), if **Ct** value and via **ROX** (*Orange*) channel for this sample is **above 35** or is not determined.

When IC **Ct** value for such sample differs from the (IC **Ct**)_{av} value by more than 2, the result is regarded as equivocal. A repeated analysis of the sample, starting with the DNA isolation step is necessary.

- **10.6** The sample is considered **positive**, i.e. contains *Candida albicans* DNA, when **Ct** value via **ROX** (*Orange*) channel for this sample is **less than or equals to 35**.
- **10.7** If **Ct** value for NC through ROX/Orange channels **is less than or equal to 35**, this indicates the presence of contamination. In this case, all positive results of this individual PCR run are considered as equivocal. Actions are required to identify and eliminate the source of contamination, and repeat the analysis of all samples of this run that were determined as positive. Samples that showed negative results in this run should be considered as negative.

11. STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION

- Store the assay kit at (2 8) °C in the manufacturer's packing.
- Transport at (2 8) °C . Transportation up to 25 °C for no more than 10 days is allowed.
- Do not freeze the kit!
- Do not pool reagents from different lots or from different vials of the same lot.
- Strictly follow the Instruction manual for reliable results.
- Do not use kits with damaged inner packages and get in contact with BIORON Diagnostics GmbH.
- Storage and shelf life of solutions and components of the kit after initial opening:

Positive Control sample: 1 month at (2 - 8) °C or in 50 µl aliquots at minus (18 - 60) °C for up to 3 months. Ready Master Mix (MM): unused MM at (2 - 8) °C for no than 3 months. Diluted MM: at (2 - 8) °C for 7 days. Recovery Solution: at (2 - 8) °C for 3 months.

Technical support: techsupport@bioron.de

ANNEX I: Settings for RealLine Cycler and DT96:

for these cyclers the measurement exposure must be adjusted. Choose the **Operation with the device** mode in the **Settings** menu, select the item **Measurement exposition**:

- FAM to 250
- HEX and ROX to 1000

Confirm that the current exposure value is saved by pressing YES

Attention! The specified exposure values are applicable only for RealLine kits and, if necessary, must be changed for other purposes.

ANNEX II: Programming the device and analysis of results using Rotor-Gene cyclers: Programming the device and analysis of results using rotor-type cyclers: Rotor-Gene 3000, Rotor-Gene 6000 (Corbett Research, Australia), Rotor-Gene Q (Qiagen, Germany)

Hereinafter, detection channels and terms corresponding to different versions of devices and software are listed in the following order: Rotor-Gene 3000 (Rotor-Gene 6000, Rotor-Gene Q).

- 1) Click New button.
- 2) Select an Advanced template from the tab of the New Run wizard. Click New button.
- 3) Select **36-Well Rotor** type, check that No Domed 0.2 ml Tubes are used. Click **Next** button.
- 4) In the new window, determine Reaction volume as **50 µI**. Click **Next** button.
- 5) The temperature profile of real time PCR should be set. Click **Edit Profile** button.

Stage 1:	50°C	2min	
Stage 2:	95°C	2min	
Stage 3:	94°C	10 sec	50 cycles
	60°C*	40 sec	50 cycles

* Measure the fluorescence at 60°C along the FAM and ROX channels

- 6) Then temperature profile is set, click **OK** button.
- 7) In the New Run Wizard window click Calibrate (Gain optimization) button. The window Auto Gain Calibration Setup opens. In the line Channel Settings choose ROX (Orange), click Add. Set Tube Position 1, Min Reading 5, Max Reading 10, click OK. In the line Channel Settings choose FAM (Green), click Add. Set Tube Position 1, Min Reading 5, Max Reading 10, click OK.
- 8) Tick off **Perform Calibration Before 1st Acquisition**. Click **Close** button.
- 9) Click **Next** button, start the amplification process by clicking **Start Run** button.
- 10) Save a file in the Rotor-Gene/templates folder, named RealLine with **.ret* extension. In subsequent work RealLine template would be presented in New run wizard.
- 11) Save reaction result file with Rotor-Gene Run File **.rex* extension.
- 12) Record the positions of the controls and specimens according to the instruction manual of the operating device. Click **Start run** button.

Results of IC DNA amplification

- 1) Click **Analysis** button, choose **Quantitation** from the list, choose **Cycling A. FAM** (*«Cycling A. Green»*), click **Show** button.
- 2) Click **OK** button, and cancel automatic **Threshold** determination.
- 3) Click **Linear scale** button. Settings should change to **Log. scale**.
- 4) In the *Quantitation analysis* menu buttons **Dynamic tube** and **Slope Correct** should be pressed.
- 5) Click More Settings (*Outlier Removal*) button, determine NTC threshold value as 5%.
- 6) In the column **CT Calculation** (*right part of the window*) determine **Threshold** value as **0.04**.
- 7) In the result table (*Quant. Results window*) Ct will be displayed.

Results of Candida albicans DNA amplification

- 1) Click **Analysis** button, choose **Quantitation** from the list, choose **Cycling A. ROX** (*Cycling A. Orange*) click, **Show** button.
- 2) Click **OK** button, and cancel automatic **Threshold** determination.
- 3) Click Linear scale button. Settings should change to Log. scale.
- 4) In the **Quantitation analysis** menu buttons **Dynamic tube** and **Slope Correct** should be pressed.
- 5) Click More Settings (Outlier Removal) button, determine NTC threshold value as 5%.
- 6) In the column **CT Calculation** (*right part of the window*) determine **Threshold** value as **0.04**.
- 7) In the result table (Quant. Results window) Ct will be displayed.



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